

The Caledonian.

BY C. M. STONE & CO.

St. Johnsbury, Jan. 22, 1859.

CONGREGATION.—We solicit voluntary contributions from all parts of the country upon matters of interest. If items of news, in particular, will be thankfully received.

Caledonia County Agricultural Society.

The annual meeting of this society was at St. Johnsbury, Jan. 18, 1859. The meeting was called to order by the President, Hon. James D. Bell. Wm. Hovey of Waterford was appointed a committee on field crops in place of W. Remis, absent. A. Stoddard, A. Miller and A. H. Wilcox were appointed a committee on the greatest amount of butter made from any one dairy of not less than five cows. Voted that the premiums to be awarded shall be \$3 and \$2.

The report of the treasurer was then read, accepted, and ordered to be placed on file. Receipts of the treasurer for the past year:

From the State	161.14
From Ground Company	40.00
From Membership	220.00
Total	\$421.14
Amount paid out:	
Paid to Premiums	357.00
Printing, Sec'y's Treasurer, &c.	59.99
and other expenses	5.15
Total	\$422.14
Balance due the treasurer	\$2.00

Committee on Nominations. Messrs. Blake of Hardwick, Varnum of Danville, Currier of Peacham, Buchanan of Barnet, Currier of Waterford, H. Pillsbury of St. Johnsbury, and A. Morrill of Kirby.

Adjourned to meet at the Town Hall at half past one o'clock.

Mr. Morrill to adjournment. The committee on nominations then reported, which report was accepted, and the following persons named were duly elected officers of the society for the ensuing year:

Hon. James D. Bell, Waterford, President.
H. M. Hall, Kirby, Vice President.
Geo. C. Barney, St. Johnsbury, Treasurer.
Jonathan Ross, St. Johnsbury, Secretary.
Wm. A. Wells, St. Johnsbury, Recording Secretary.

Geo. A. Merrill, St. Johnsbury, Peter Buchanan, Barnet, Jacob P. Varnum, Danville, Wm. Hovey, Waterford, H. Blake, Hardwick, Asa Morrill, Kirby, David Currier, Peacham, William A. Barnes, Lyndon, Charles Rogers Jr., Waterford, Horace Fairbanks, St. Johnsbury, John B. Nelson, Ryegate, C. C. Newell, Kirby, Executive Com.

The committee on dairies report that they award the 1st premium to Harry Moore, Ryegate, 3.00 and 2nd "S. B. Varnum, Peacham, 2.00.

Voted that the treasurer be directed to pay a premium of \$2 to M. Currier of Peacham for butter presented at the last annual fair.

The following resolution was introduced and adopted:

Resolved, That the executive committee be directed if in their judgment they think it best to obtain suitable medals or diplomas to be awarded at our annual fair for such articles as they deem best.

The committee on field crops made the following report which was accepted and adopted:

Report of the Committee on Field Crops.

There has been no application for premiums on the greatest amount of wheat, corn, or oats raised by any one person in the county, therefore no premiums are awarded by your committee.

For the best acre of wheat which was raised on one clear, level, and good soil, with the best of seed, and with the best of cultivation, the committee award a premium of three dollars to Jacob C. Hovey of Waterford.

Best acre of corn we award a premium of three dollars to Lavin Kinney of Barnet. There was raised by Mrs. Kinney one hundred and fifty-eight bushels of ears on said acre which is computed to yield seven and one-half bushels of shelled corn. The land was broken up the year before and a crop of oats raised and this season there was put on the land and plowed in, twenty-five cart loads of manure and twelve cart loads of compost from the hog house was put in the hill.

Best acre of potatoes we have awarded a premium of three dollars to Harvey B. Varnum of Peacham. He says he raised five hundred and twenty-four bushels of California potatoes so called, on one acre—and it is well substantiated by other witnesses. The land was plowed in the fall of 1856, 7 inches deep, and sowed to oats in 1857, manured with 20 cart loads of rotten manure to the acre in the fall and plowed and planted the 17th of May, and used eighteen bushels for seed on the acre.

B. MOULTON, For the Committee, Adjourned.

A. J. WILLARD, Secretary.

Executive committee meet at the St. Johnsbury House on Tuesday, February 5th, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of making out a list of premiums and the transaction of other business.

The following is Judge Moore's statement in regard to his dairy, manner of feeding, &c. &c.:

To the Committee on Dairies for the Agricultural Society for Caledonia County:

My dairy consists of five cows, all of the native breeds, three of which are of good size, the other two are small. Two of my cows are 15 years old, and the ages of the other three are 7, 8 and 12. All calved between the 1st of March and the 5th of April. Commenced to feed on shorts and boiled oats about the time they calved, and continued to feed until they would do well on grass which was about the 15th of May, and fed in the time three hundred lbs. of shorts and six bushels of oats, which was all the extra feed they had. Through the summer they were kept in an old pasture where there was a variety of feed with a good proportion of white clover and a good supply of water.

My pasture was divided into two lots, and changed them from one to the other once in about three weeks. We observe regularity in milking, dividing the time as near as we can, say about 6 o'clock morning, and evening, and careful to milk them clean. We set our milk in the warm part of the summer

filling the pans more than half full, giving the milk a chance to cool down to temperature of cellar as soon as may be, and ventilate the cellar at night, and keep the windows closed tight through the day, and skim the milk before it thickens. My dairy under the foregoing management has resulted as follows: Commenced making butter the 10th of March, and up to the 10th of December had made 1408 lbs. besides supplying my family with butter for the year, which consists of three persons, being a fraction over 291 lbs. to the cow.

All which is respectfully submitted.

HARRY MOORE, Ryegate, Dec. 20, 1858.

Caledonia County Young Men's Temperance Society.

This Society held its annual meeting at the Union Church in Barnet, on Wednesday, Jan. 12. The meeting was called to order by the President, Rev. W. W. Thayer, at 10:12 o'clock. On motion of Peter Buchanan of Barnet, "All friends of temperance are invited to unite with us in our deliberations." It was voted that a committee of five be appointed to nominate officers for the ensuing year, and John Morse of St. Johnsbury, Dr. L. F. Parker of Peacham, Rev. A. H. House of Passumpsic, Hon. J. D. Bell of Walden, and Mr. Griswold of St. Johnsbury were appointed.

In accordance with a vote of the society, the chair appointed Rev. Mr. Merrill, Hon. A. G. Chadwick and Peter Buchanan a committee on resolutions. A committee of one from each town represented was appointed to recommend a suitable person as candidate for the office of County Commissioner.

Reports of the progress or want of progress of the temperance cause in the different towns was called for and given by Jacob Blanchard and David Currier of Peacham, Dr. Hanson, S. S. Clarke, Rev. A. H. House, and Rev. B. E. Ray of Barnet, in connection with which, O. T. Brown Esq., State's Attorney for the county, was called on for information concerning certain prosecutions which have been commenced in this town, and they were reported as in progress with every prospect of a result favorable to the cause of temperance. Mr. W. H. Palmer reported from Danville and Hon. J. D. Bell from Walden. Mr. S. C. Otis from Lyndon, and Messrs. Jewett, Thayer and others from St. Johnsbury. In all of which towns it was reported that liquor is supposed to be sold in violation of law, and drunk to some extent.

Mr. John Morse, County Commissioner, reported the amount of liquor sold by the different agents in the county, which was rather less than during the same time last year, which is supposed to indicate an improvement in the public health, especially in Lyndon and Ryegate. The committee on nominations reported as follows: W. W. Thayer of St. Johnsbury, President; Jacob Blanchard of Melrose, Secy.; L. F. Parker of Peacham, W. R. Palmer of Danville, and E. H. Stone of St. Johnsbury, Executive Committee. J. D. Abbott of Barnet, S. Montgomery of Walden, L. W. Deane of Hardwick, John C. Blanchard of Peacham, L. N. Hall of Graton, John H. Currier of Ryegate, Theron Hovey of Danville, Calvin Morrill of St. Johnsbury, H. R. Carpenter of Waterford, S. C. Otis of Lyndon, E. W. Church of Kirby, Amos Newell of Barker, S. Dymond of Sutton, R. Moulton of Newry, W. M. Chase of Wheelock and A. M. Ward of Wheelock for Vice Presidents, who were elected.

The committee on resolutions reported the following:

Resolved, That we recognize the present temperance law as an arm of strength in the hands of its friends, and we earnestly call upon the friends of temperance in the several towns of this county to unite their efforts in faithfully executing its provisions in all cases whenever it is violated.

Resolved, That it is the duty of the State's Attorney of this county to exercise the utmost vigilance in prosecuting all violations of the temperance law, and we hereby pledge to him our hearty cooperation in so doing.

In view of the alarming destruction of life by the use of counterfeit and poisonous liquors it becomes the duty of philanthropists to take all lawful measures to stay its destroying effects, therefore, Resolved, That the manufacture of, and the traffic in, counterfeit and poisonous liquors is a crime against the peace and dignity of the state of New York, and that we earnestly call upon the state and national currency, and we pledge our utmost influence to have it so considered and recorded among the laws of this state.

Resolved, That the cause of temperance suffers for the want of more faithful preaching on the subject by ministers of the Gospel, and that we respectfully invite the several clergymen in the county to preach on the subject at an early day.

Resolved, That it is a source of grief and alarm that so many of our young men not only stand aloof from the cause of temperance, but are fearfully addicted to the use of the intoxicating cup.

Resolved, That we have no sympathy with the resolutions introduced by Dr. Powers at the late state convention at Bradford, which resolutions introduced the sale of alcohol ought not to be sanctioned by law for any purpose whatever.

With these resolutions pending the society adjourned till 1:12 o'clock P. M., and met again promptly at the appointed hour with a full house and proceeded to consider the resolutions separately. The 1st, 3d and 5th were passed after a few general remarks, without opposition. The 2d called out a sharp, animated and rather extended discussion during which the State's Attorney was called out and defined his position to general satisfaction.

He favored the resolution, especially that portion which pledges him the cooperation of temperance men in the discharge of his duty—as without such cooperation he can do almost nothing. The resolution was passed almost unanimously by a rising vote, with the understanding that every vote was to be considered as a personal pledge.

The 4th was slightly objected to through the fear of an appearance of dictating the pulpit, but as the clergy were pretty generally in its favor, it was passed.

The 6th was rather warmly discussed and finally laid on the table, not apparently as an expression in favor of the resolution of Dr. Powers, but rather against making it a subject of discussion. The exercises were closed with some very fine singing from the Barnet choir which was acknowledged by a

resolution expressing the "thanks of the society to the proprietors of the church for its use to the singers for their acceptable services and to the inhabitants of the village for their hospitality on the occasion."

The meeting was very fully attended and the discussions were of unusual interest. The society voted to publish the proceedings and adjourned at 4:12 o'clock.

W. W. THAYER President. Enoch Blanchard Secy.

As an offset for the election of Douglas to the Senate, last week, there have been this week, three Republicans elected to the U. S. Senate for six years from the 4th of March next. Hon. Henry Wilson of Massachusetts, has been chosen, while Maine has re-elected William Pitt Fessenden, who has served the state with so much fidelity and distinction, and Michigan has made an advance in the right direction, having chosen Kinsey S. Bingham, a republican, in place of Mr. Stuart, a democrat. Michigan thus vindicates her position as a republican state, having a pure republican representation in the Senate.

In season—Thursday, the 7th day of April next, has been appointed as a day of fasting and prayer throughout New Hampshire.

BIRTH DAY OF DANIEL WEBSTER.—The anniversary of Webster's birthday was celebrated Tuesday evening, in Boston, by a banquet at the Rensselaer House, Caleb Cushing presiding. Speeches were made by the president, and by Rufus Choate, ex-Gov. Gardner, Prof. Felton, B. F. Hallett, Mr. Seymour of England, Lord Cavendish and others.

The Hayti Revolution.

From the Boston Journal, Jan. 17.

The schooner North Wind of Provincetown, Capt. Higgins, arrived here this morning, bringing, highly important news from Hayti, which country is again the scene of civil commotion.

Capt. Higgins sailed from Gonaives, Jan. 1, and brings very late reports from that portion of the island. He reports that the Haytian people of the island in a state of revolt against the present government of the Emperor, Jean Louis, or Faustin I, as he is officially styled. The revolution broke out on the 22d of December. On that day a small party of Republicans, headed by Gen. Joffard, an officer attached to the Haytian army, who is said not to be a real black negro, entered the town of Gonaives, and being joined by the people in large numbers, without opposition, they took possession of the town, and from that quarter, they became emboldened by success, and renounced all allegiance to the emperor and his government. The population became greatly excited, and greeted Gen. Joffard with unbounded applause.

The leaders of the insurrection immediately took measures to organize the people into a regular army, and taking advantage of the prevailing enthusiasm, they manifested an unusual confidence in the name of the people, proclaimed a republic. Gen. Joffard, the leader of the Republicans, was subsequently declared President. It is stated that the whole of the island is now in a state of commotion.

The spirit of revolt has been kindled in Gonaives immediately spread to the adjoining towns, and the whole country is now in a state of commotion. The people of Aux Cayes and Janel, two important towns, welcomed the new order of things, and declared for the republic. Gen. Joffard. It is stated that all the southern part of the island are in favor of the change, and in some places the people rose en masse to receive the leaders of the revolt.

The revolution was commenced at Gonaives by Gen. Joffard and a small body of adherents, the number of whom was exceedingly small at first, but grew into a popular insurrection, and soon grew into a popular insurrection, and at last success was extending.

Capt. Higgins reports that on the night of Jan. 1, he was seized by the fortified town of St. Marks, he saw the place in flames, and that the insurgents had met with some opposition from the adherents of Souleuvre, and that one of the parties had fired the town.

When Capt. Higgins left, no news had been received from Port-au-Prince, the capital, and residence of the Emperor. The body of his army is at that place, and it remains to be seen whether the revolution will extend to the capital and so, whether the soldiers will fraternize with the revolution, and turn against their old master.

Business was generally suspended on account of the recent excitement.

Boston, Monday, Jan. 17, 1859.

A passenger in the schooner North Wind at this port furnishes interesting details of the new movement in Hayti.

For some time it has been supposed at Gonaives that a political rising was intended. On the afternoon of Dec. 22, four armed individuals landed on the beach, and entered Gonaives, galloped at once to La Place, the residence of the Governor, where Joffard demanded an entrance of the sentinel, and that the cry of "Vive la Republique" should be raised, which demand the sentinel refused to comply with. Joffard and his companions then frightened the sentinel of the jail into a liberation of about forty political prisoners, who joined Joffard. The whole party returning to the Governor's residence, summoned him to surrender to the forces of liberty and resigned.

The strong part of the town was now in the possession of Joffard who was joined by all the military and town people. They then marched to a palace belonging to Souleuvre, where a deputation met and proclaimed the Republic of Hayti, with Joffard as provisional head.

The forces of Joffard were augmented by citizens of Gonaives, and the fortified town of St. Marks was taken possession of, without opposition. Here they were to remain and recruit until they were strong enough to assault him at Port-au-Prince.

The insurrection was spreading north and south. Various decrees had been issued, one of which revives and puts in force the constitution of 1846, and provides for the calling of a Legislature by President Joffard.

Decrees had also been promulgated releasing all political prisoners, increasing the salaries of soldiers, and ordering the destruction of the Fort of Gonaives.

A decree had also been issued headed "The Republic of Hayti," and in the name of the nation, deprives Souleuvre of all power. It also characterizes his Administration as nothing but a series of robberies.

A poor little boy had his arm made amputated in Philadelphia last week, by imprudently meddling with a sawing machine.

LOCAL AND STATE.

New Advertisements.

Cure your cough—E. B. Magoon. Musical instruction—Mrs. H. E. Sawyer. Barre Academy—J. B. Spaulding. Board of education—J. S. Adams. Legal notices.

Fire!

About 4 o'clock on Saturday morning last our citizens were awaked by the ringing of bells and the fearful cry of fire. It proved to be the blacksmith shop of Mr. Amos K. Belknap, about a mile south of the village. Our firemen promptly responded to the alarm but before they arrived at the fire the building was burned nearly down to the first floor. Deluge engine company ran their machine down upon the ice of the pond directly behind the shop, and in a few minutes had a stream of water playing upon the flames, which were soon subdued, leaving the basement, containing the water wheel, circular saw, and other valuable property, unscathed by the flames. We do not know Mr. Belknap's loss, but it must be considerable; and it comes upon one illly able to bear it. The morning was warm and still, and everything favorable for putting out fire. If it had not been so, the coal house and shed adjoining, and perhaps the house too, would have been destroyed.

Agriculture.

The annual meeting of the Caledonia County Agricultural Society, held in this town last Tuesday, was much more largely attended than usual, and a new interest seemed to be awakened in the cause. A list of the officers, with the transactions of the day, will be found in another column.

We also learn that the Fair Ground Company voted unanimously to sell all their property to the new company upon certain conditions stipulated in the vote. The new company have purchased grounds, and done a good share of the grading, and the interest manifested in the enterprise is more extended than it was in the old company, and there is good reason for hoping, in view of the central location of the grounds selected, that the whole county will be united in it.

Temperance Society.

A full and enthusiastic meeting of the St. Johnsbury Temperance Society was held at the Town Hall on Tuesday evening. Many lively speeches were made by our citizens, interspersed with appropriate songs by a quartette under the direction of Mr. G. H. Clarke. The following officers were elected for the year ensuing: President, John Bacon, 2d Secretary, E. F. Brown; Vice Presidents, W. H. N. Prince, W. Wright, Jr., E. B. Gates, J. Ward, Jr., Franklin Fairbanks, Charles Cobb, Cephas Knapp, L. D. Stiles, C. A. Severance, D. Goss, Jr., J. M. Miles, E. A. Parks. The society adjourned to meet at the Centre village on Tuesday evening next.

The weather this week, like that of last, is without a parallel in the memory of the oldest inhabitant—but here the similarity ceases. Last week was cold, foggy, Arctic—this week is mild, clear and beautiful.

Advertising Importers.

We noticed some time since the imposition that certain firms were playing upon the country newspaper press, and among others we gave the names of Carey & Co. of New York. We find that the experience of other papers in our state is justifying such an exposure. We cannot boast of much experience in publishing a newspaper, but what little we have had has taught us to know our friends with communications of these New York, Philadelphia and Boston Advertising Houses (?) which have an existence only in name, and who swindle the country press out of thousands of dollars every year. Our contemporaries know that there are responsible agents of the press in these places, and that at the head stand Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co.

We would call attention to the advertisement of Mr. E. B. Magoon, in this paper. From personal experience we can recommend it for coughs and colds; and our experience has been that of many others.

TO OUR FRIENDS.—A little effort on your part would secure a large number of subscribers to our paper. If you think it worthy, will you not make an effort in its behalf? A little help now would enable us to make many additions to our paper that would materially improve it. Friends give us a helping hand, by each procuring a new subscriber for 1859.

Ex-Gov. Slade died at Middlebury on Sunday last. Gov. Slade was, as is well known, secretary of the national board of popular education.

A barn belonging to Mr. Joseph Bonson of Store, was burned on Thursday night, Jan. 6th, together with five head of cattle, and a quantity of hay.

DEATHS BY BURNING.—In Marshfield, on the 3d inst., Mrs. Avis Haskins, wife of Benoni Haskins, was burned by her clothes taking fire, so that she died on the 7th inst. She was nearly 72 years old—a good woman and a Christian.

On the same day, a little girl, 6 years old, child of Francis Loveland was so badly burned by her clothes taking fire, that she died the same night.

On Tuesday afternoon at about 2 o'clock the fork manufactory of Van Ornum, White River Village, caught fire in the attic and was entirely destroyed. Loss estimated at \$10,000; no insurance.

On the 8th inst., the chair manufactory of Wesson Newcomb, in Barnard, was also destroyed by fire. We do not learn the loss, insured in the Vermont Mutual.

Brattleboro was lighted with gas for the first time last week.

VERMONT PRESS.—Several of the papers of this State come to us in a New Year's Dress.

The Rutland Herald, the oldest paper in the State, puts on a new head and has been "hushed up" otherwise, so that it looks finely and reads well. The editorial department of the Herald is again under the management of Mr. George H. Heman.

The Northern Visitor, in place of the Northeastern Christian Advocate, also comes up with a new head, and a great improvement it is to the Bellows Falls Argus appears in a new dress, and is enlarged from seven to an eight column newspaper.

The Vermont Phoenix, published at Brattleboro, also comes to us under new improvements in its typographical arrangements.—The Phoenix is an excellent paper.

The Vt. Chronicle has recently undergone an improvement in its typographical appearance by changing its form from twenty-four to twenty-eight columns.

SAD EFFECT OF HORNING.—A bloody and very dangerous tragedy took place in this town (Rupert) on the 3d inst. It seems a party of young men assembled for the purpose of Horning (as it is called) a newly married couple. After having kept up the noise and confusion, with guns, drums, kettles and horns, until a late hour in the night, and the patience and forbearance of the married party were completely exhausted, and after notifying the young men that serious consequences might result if they did not disperse and go home; and after being satisfied that they had no intention of desisting, one of the inmates of the house fired a gun upon the crowd charged with a hard paper wad. The shot took effect in the temple of a young man by the name of Hodges, producing a severe and lacerated wound of the scalp, and a slight fracture and depression of the skull. His situation was considered very dangerous for some days, but he is now said to be recovering.

The writer is not sufficiently acquainted with the case to decide whether the act of firing upon a promiscuous crowd can be justified. No legal investigation of the affair has yet been made, and probably there will not be. Such occurrences are apt to be passed over unnoticed, more especially when people deemed respectable are engaged in them. Good, however, may be the result. The disgraceful and rowdyish custom of horning recently married people is very frequent in this vicinity—a custom of which all respectable citizens should be ashamed. It is hoped that this deplorable affair will effectually put a stop to this practice, at least hereabouts. But if young men and boys will persist, on every occasion of a marriage, in making "night hideous" by riotous yells, and screams and combinations of all "unearthly sounds," they must make up their minds to abide the consequences.—Cor. Bennington Banner.

ADDISON COUNTY.—We learn from the Register, that from a litter of pigs raised by E. S. Birge of that town, five of them weaned when dressed 1804 lbs. Two fattened by himself and two by Theron Sturdevant, the first four were 9 months old, and the one by Elijah Smith, was about twelve days older. The weight of the last was 225 lbs. From an accurate account of the feed used in fattening it, Mr. Smith was able to know that the cost of fattening and the first value of the pig were \$22.15. The value of the pork was \$21.87—a very fair profit.

RUTLAND ASSAULT.—Two colored men, father and son, named Phillips, and a Frenchman, nephew of the elder Phillips, are in jail in Burlington, on a charge that may amount to murder. It appears that on Thursday Mr. P. Cassidy, of Hinesburgh, stopped before Wheeler's saloon, on the Williston road, about a mile from Burlington, and while conversing with Mr. Patrick Goulding, who lives opposite, was abruptly assailed by the younger Phillips, Peter, who, without any provocation, struck at him with a hot Cassidy's sword cut the blow, and seized Peter and threw him upon the ground, where he held him for some time and then released him. Peter rushed to a woodpile, near by, and seizing an axe returned to reach the assault, but was hindered in doing the act by the interference of people who had collected. His sword cut a deep stroke from the side of Mr. Cassidy, who supposed the sword was ended, and struck him (Cassidy) a severe blow with it on his head, and then seized him by his hair and dragged him some distance, kicking and striking him. Mr. Goulding declared that this was outrageous, and this was his offense. Peter turned and struck him (Goulding) with a stick, a blow on the head that is not unlikely to prove fatal, though we understand Dr. Carpenter thinks he may recover.—Burlington Times.

The same paper gives an account of a fire at Winoski on Sunday, and notwithstanding a messenger had to go a mile and a half before he could raise a fire company, the efficient fire department of Burlington was playing water upon the flames in thirty-five minutes after the fire was discovered. Their promptness and energy saved upwards of \$50,000 worth of property which was thought to be doomed. As it was, a small mill was partially burned, while a large one which joined, was saved unscathed. The Times is loud in the praise of their firemen.

ARRAIGNED AND SENTENCED.—The sad sight was seen in Court Friday afternoon of four young criminals, the oldest hardly twenty years old, pleading guilty to high crimes, "against the peace and dignity of the State," and receiving their sentences. Gustavus C. Baneroff and Henry Aubrey, the young burglars who broke open and robbed Bradley's book store, were severely sentenced to four years of hard labor in the State's prison.—John Brock of Enosburgh, who stole a horse and wagon, belonging to W. D. Matthews, a lively stable keeper of this place, and was sentenced to two years in the State's prison. Augustus Labaree, for grand larceny, committed in Shelburne, was sentenced to one year in the State's prison. Henry Dupas, was also brought up for the burglary committed in the store of Mr. Rhodes in Essex, the expectation being that he would plead guilty. He altered his mind, however, at the last moment, and pled Not Guilty; and his case was accordingly referred to the County Court for trial.—Burlington Free Press.

Rev. Pliny H. White of Coventry, is about to write a history of the Congregational Churches in Vermont, and calls upon the various churches in the State for such statistics and information as will aid him in his very commendable work.

AN EDITOR FALLS.—We have to record in our paper this week, the decease of Rev. John Brock of Enosburgh, proprietor of the Bradford "National Telegraph." He died at about 10 o'clock, on Wednesday, of this week, aged about 30 years. His disease was consumption. Dr. Mann, some 15 years since, was connected with the Vermont Methodist Conference. A man of talent, he rendered valuable services as a Christian minister. He was subsequently engaged in the practice of medicine, and nearly two years since commenced the publication of the Telegraph. Probably there is no occupation so calculated to shorten one's life as the arduous, zealous and tireless labor of managing a country newspaper.—Burlington Journal.

THE PRESIDENT.—The New York Tribune of Monday has a long article defining its position on the question of the President's right of pardon, the gist of which is contained in the following paragraph:

"The Republicans are strong enough to elect the right man, whoever he may be; they are strong enough to elect any other man. But that man is, will be manifest to those who, without partiality, prejudice, or any other personal considerations, will wait the proper time of choosing a speech, a vote, a proposition of the right stamp, and made at the right moment, may indicate him, so that the electors can no longer doubt. And that man, whoever he may be—whether Howard, or Chase, or Lincoln, or Banks, or Fremont, or Bissell, or Colman, or Bates, or Fessenden, or any, should be elected, a hitherto regarded as technically a Republican—such as General Scott, or John Bell, or Horace F. Clark, or John M. Butler, or Henry Winter Davis, provided he be openly and unequivocally anti-slavery extending, and heartily support, both his nomination and his election." It cannot be said that there is any "sectionalism" about that.

THE SHOOTING OUTRAGE IN NEW YORK.—The New York Herald gives the following account of the fatal shooting affair in that city on Sunday morning, which was referred to by telegraph:

"About half-past twelve o'clock Sunday morning a party of rowdies, who passed through Elm street, attacked a man, and before he was enabled to get clear of the ruffians they drew a pistol and shot him dead. They then turned upon a man named William Decker, residing at 21 Elm street, who had come out on hearing the shot fired, whom they beat severely, and shot at him five times, three balls entering his body and head. He was immediately conveyed to the Hospital, where it was found his wounds were of such a nature that he could not live. Capt. Decker and officers Galligan and Finn succeeded in arresting two of the alleged murderers about an hour afterwards in Broadway. They gave the names as Geo. Glass and James Higgins."

Hiram Powers was savagely assaulted in Florence on the 14th of December. A private letter to The Charleston Courier says:

"There is a young American here, a painter, by the name of M—, who is charged on the 17th, he came near killing Mr. Powers, who was endeavoring to persuade him to return to his residence. He inflicted a blow on the face of Mr. Powers, and endeavored to draw a knife, but was fortunately disarmed by Mr. Powers. He was taken to the office of the American Commission. His friends are watching him as closely and delicately as possible, and all are anxious to avoid the necessity of a commitment either to the prison or hospital."

The following amusing incident, illustrating the propriety of gentlemen's mind, his own business, is related by the Washington correspondent of The Philadelphia North American:

"At a dinner party not long ago, a certain member of Congress had the indiscretion to press the famous Minister frequently concerning the application of Cuban. These remarks were well received, and at last, when the Minister was about to leave, he said to the member of Congress, 'M. Tassara, who from the sphere of journalism, has come to be recognized as a leading orator, poet, statesman, and diplomat of Spain.' At last his name was mentioned, and he said, 'Come, name your piece.' M. Tassara replied with a smiling countenance and dignified air, 'When you are President of the United States, and I am Prime Minister of Spain, that will be time for such a proposition.' It was supposed that the subject was not renewed."

"OLD HUNDRED" IN A STATION HOUSE.—That grand old tune, "Old Hundred," was sung at a station house in Cincinnati, two or three nights since, says the Gazette, under peculiar circumstances. Twenty or thirty persons, including a choir of whom was a woman, who had brought her child to the station, were singing and playing. The poor fellow cried, "I like it." While the singing and playing was going on, a man of the men were weeping from drunkenness, others were crying, and women in an adjoining room were weeping and laughing.

INCIDENTS OF THE "COLD TOWN"—A Portland paper furnishes the following:

"We learn from very good authority that a lady in this city, after she arose on Tuesday morning, found her teeth so closely frozen together that it was with difficulty she got them apart."

An Illinois paper furnishes the ground, work of the following paragraph:

"Near Lancaster, Ill., two young men attempted to cross a river in a boat, which upset, but became entirely exhausted, and at last, within fifteen feet of solid ice, gave up the struggle for life and died. In a few days the father of one of them, concluded that they must have drowned in their attempt to reach home, and made search, but without success. A number of neighbors then gathered together and went down to find them, and one of the young men was discovered standing in three feet of water leaning over upon the ice. The other was found near him in the water."

MR. GRIELY DOES NOT LEAVE.—A rumor having been extensively circulated that Horace Greeley was intending to retire from the editorship of the N. Y. Tribune, that paper thus notices the statement:

"As some of our friends, and especially that most amiable of publications, the Albany Atlas and Argus, manifest some anxiety on the subject, we will relieve them by saying that the whole story, with all its concomitants and corollaries, is not only untrue, but absurd, and totally without foundation. We may add that Mr. Greeley, who is absent in the West, will probably retain his present controlling position in the Tribune as long as he continues to take any part in human affairs."

A Correspondent of the Traveller, says that Countess Jones of Iowa, expects a challenge from Judge Douglas, and has gone so far in completing his arrangements for its acceptance as to engage his second, who is mentioning the fact, in confidence, to almost everybody he knows.

AN EXAMPLE FOR THE RISING GENERATION.—A correspondent at Lyme, N. H., informs the Boston Journal that on the 28th ult. Mr. Thomas Hall, of that town, who is 79 years of age, was shot by a young man, who fired one mile, then fired three rounds of wood, and then walked home, and all between the hours of 9: